Registered No. M. 1175

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The Mysore Gazette.

Vol. 68] PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY. [No. 3

BANGALORE, THURSDAY, JANUARY 19, 1933.

PART I

IMPORTANT GOVERNMENT ORDERS

CHIEF SECRETARIAT

Elections.

No. 3850-57—R. A. 26-32-5, dated Bangalore, 13th January 1933.

From

R. RANGA RAO, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Chief Secretary to Government
of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

To

The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

Sir,

In continuation of this Office Circular Letter Rl. 3446-56—R.A. 26-32-4, dated 9th January 1933, issuing instructions for the preparation of electoral rolls pertaining to the coming general elections, I am directed to invite your attention to para 2 (a) (i) of Notification No. P. 2397—Legis. 12-23-4, dated 7th November 1923 and Rel. 333—L. C. 3-26-2, dated 11th November 1926 regarding the qualifications of voters to the Representative Assembly and the Legislative Council respectively, and to state that the term "registered occupant" in these rules has to be interpreted as follows in places where the Record of Rights has been introduced finally :—

According to section 3 (17) of the Land Revenue Code, the registered occupant is the occupant whose name is authorizedly entered in the Government records. Under the Record of Rights Regulation, the hissas of the person in actual possession of the land (*i.e.*, the Anubhavadar) are brought under his name in the Record of Rights. Thus his name is authorizedly entered in the records and the actual owner or Anubhavadar becomes the registered occupant. Further, according to section 2 of this Regulation, where its provisions

have been extended to any area, the provisions of the Land Revenue Code inconsistent therewith are deemed to have been modified and the Anubhavadar therefore becomes the registered occupant and the khata also has to be prepared in his name. In these circumstances, wherever the Record of Rights Regulation has been introduced finally, it is the occupant according to that Regulation, *i.e.*, the Anubhavadar whose name is entered in the Record of Rights and who pays land revenue of not less than Rs. 25 that will be entitled to vote.

You are requested to kindly issue instructions for preparing the electoral rolls accordingly.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
R. RANGA RAO,
Chief Secretary to Government.

GENERAL SECRETARIAT.

Working of the Public Works Department for the year 1931-32.

READ—

Report on the Administration of the Public Works Department for the year 1931-32, received from the Chief Engineer with his letter No. 5188, dated 16th November 1932.

ORDER No. G. 4897-901—G. M. 64-32-3, DATED BANGALORE, THE 17TH JANUARY 1933.

Recorded.

2. Mr. M. G. Rangaiya was in charge of the Department throughout the year.

3. *Grant and outlay.*—The final grant for the year under all heads amounted to Rs. 65,96,424 against which an outlay of Rs. 65,33,385 was incurred. Including the outlay of Rs. 4,05,484, from sources, such as contributions, the total expenditure of the Department during the year amounted to Rs. 69,38,869 against Rs. 75,84,233 in the previous year. The aggregate State grant was Rs. 45,07,305 against which the actual booked outlay was Rs. 44,53,098. The greater portion of the lapse was under Irrigation (Rs. 85,784) and Education (Rs. 58,576).

4. *Irrigation works charged to Revenue.*—The expenditure incurred under this head amounted to Rs. 7,26,687 against Rs. 8,78,173 in the previous year. Out of this, Rs. 4,92,562 was incurred on tanks, Rs. 1,08,573 on channels, and Rs. 1,25,552 on the restoration of minor tanks.

5. Government note that of the 21 tank works which are in progress five in the dry Taluk of Nagamangala have made good progress and will be completed early and that out of 288 minor tank works in progress 189 were completed. In the year under report 400 more acres were brought under cultivation making the total irrigation area 8,300 acres against 9,900 acres commanded by the channel from the Gopala Anicut on the Bhadra and about 150 acres were planted with sugar-cane under the channel.

6. *Civil Works.*—The total expenditure on buildings amounted to Rs. 3,31,774 of which a sum of Rs. 1,91,973 was on Miscellaneous works and Rs. 95,693 on buildings of the Medical Department. Among the important building works which were completed during the year were the General Hospital at Chikmagalur, the Lalitha Mahal at Mysore and the Serum Institute at Bangalore.

7. *Communications.*—The expenditure under this head amounted to Rs. 1,22,640, of which Rs. 50,419 was incurred on roads and Rs. 69,514 on bridges and boats. The construction of the bridge across the Cauvery at T.-Narsipur was completed and it was opened for traffic by His Highness the Maharaja on 29th August 1932. A total length of 2197⅝ miles of State Fund Roads was maintained during the year, of which